

**TECHNICAL DRAWING - ORDINARY LEVEL  
PAPER II (A) - ENGINEERING APPLICATIONS**

200 marks

TUESDAY, 23 JUNE - AFTERNOON 2.00 p.m. - 5.00 p.m.

7285

**INSTRUCTIONS**

- (a) Answer question 1 and two other questions.
- (b) Drawings and sketches should be in pencil unless otherwise stated.
- (c) Where dimensions are omitted they may be estimated.
- (d) Credit will be given for neat orderly presentation of work.
- (e) Candidates should work on one side of the paper only.
- (f) The Examination Number should be written on each drawing sheet used.
- (g) All dimensions are in millimetres.

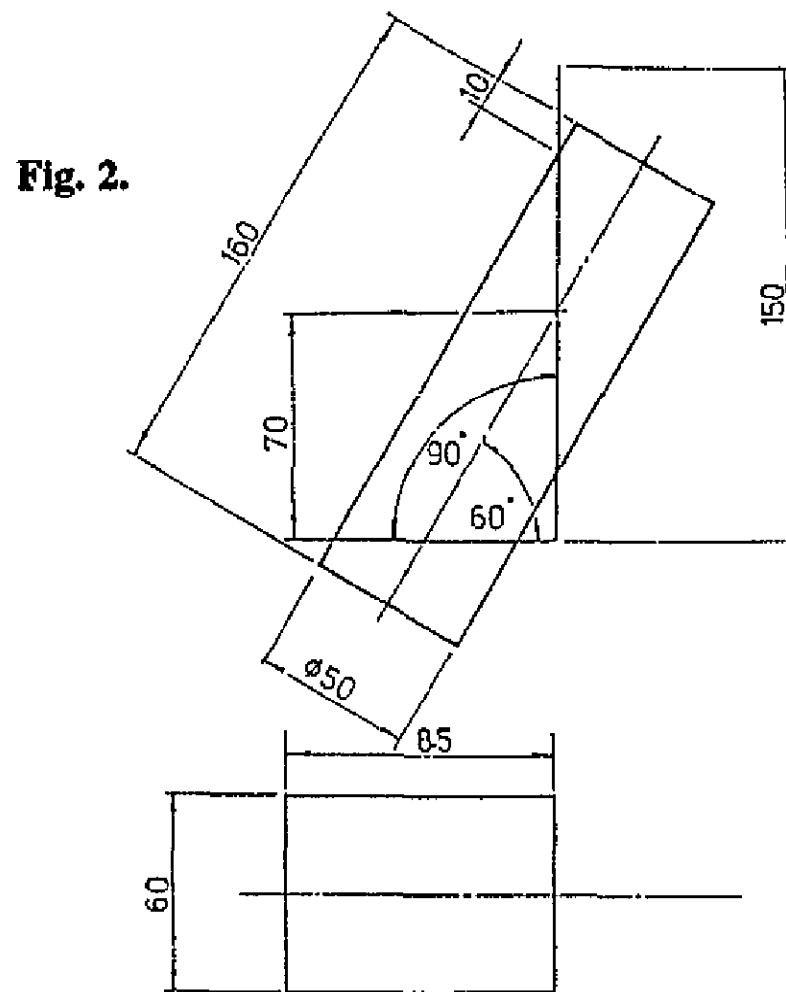
1. Details of a CLAMPING DEVICE are given in Fig. 1 with a parts list tabulated below.

| INDEX | PART           | REQUIRED |
|-------|----------------|----------|
| 1     | Body           | 1        |
| 2     | Movable jaw    | 1        |
| 3     | End plate      | 1        |
| 4     | Clamping screw | 1        |
| 5     | Set screw      | 2        |

- (a) Make the following drawings of the assembled clamping device in first or third angle projection with a gap of 35mm between the jaws.
  - (i) A sectional side elevation on section plane XX.
  - (ii) A plan projected from (i).
- (b) Insert the following on the drawings:
  - (i) Title:- CLAMPING DEVICE
  - (ii) ISO projection symbol.
  - (iii) Four leading dimensions.

(100 marks)

2. Fig. 2 shows the elevation and incomplete plan of two plates welded together at 90° and penetrated by a cylinder.
- Draw the elevation as given and complete the plan view (Hidden detail not required).
  - Draw the surface development of the plates showing the true shape of the holes necessary to receive the cylinder (Ignore the thickness of the plates).
  - Make a neat freehand sketch of a "safe edge".



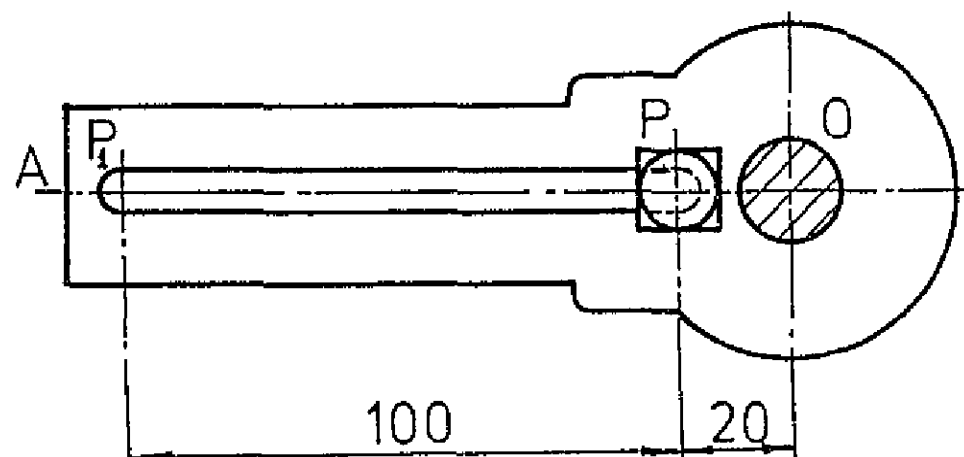
(50 marks)

3. (a) Draw a radial plate cam with a shaft diameter 20mm, a minimum radius of 25mm and clockwise rotation, to impart the following motion to an in-line knife edge follower:-
- |              |   |
|--------------|---|
| 0° to 180°   | rise 45mm with uniform acceleration and retardation.    |
| 180° to 210° | dwelling.   |
| 210° to 270° | fall 15mm with uniform velocity.                        |
| 270° to 360° | return to initial position with simple harmonic motion. |

Include the displacement diagram as part of your solution.

- (b) Fig. 3 shows a rod OA which rotates clockwise at constant speed about O through 180°. During this movement the block P slides from P to position P<sub>1</sub> and back to P at constant speed. Using a line diagram to represent the system, draw the locus of P, during a complete movement of OA.

**Fig. 3**



(50 marks)

4. (a) Fig. 4 shows an incorrectly dimensioned machine screw. Assume all numerical values to be correct.

- (i) How many dimensions are shown correctly with reference to BS 308?
- (ii) Using the dimensions given, produce a correctly dimensioned drawing of the screw.

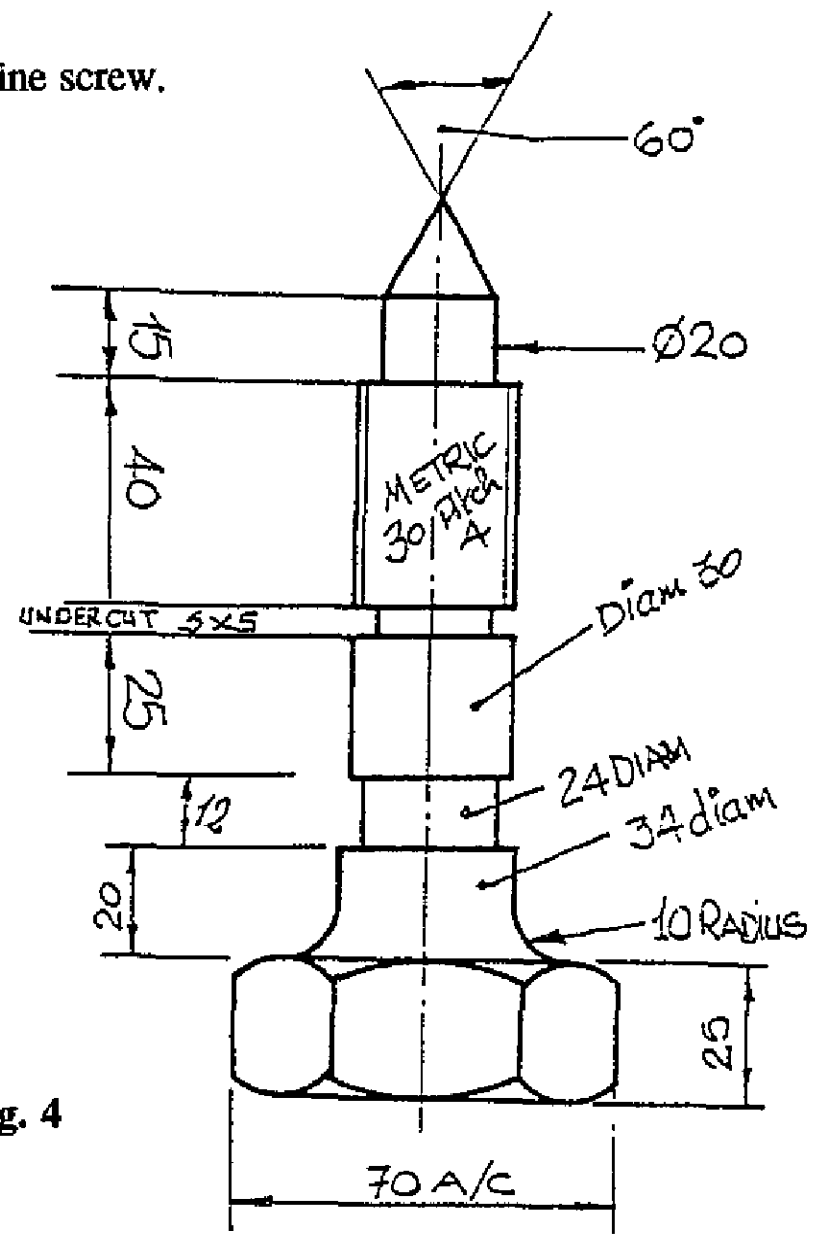


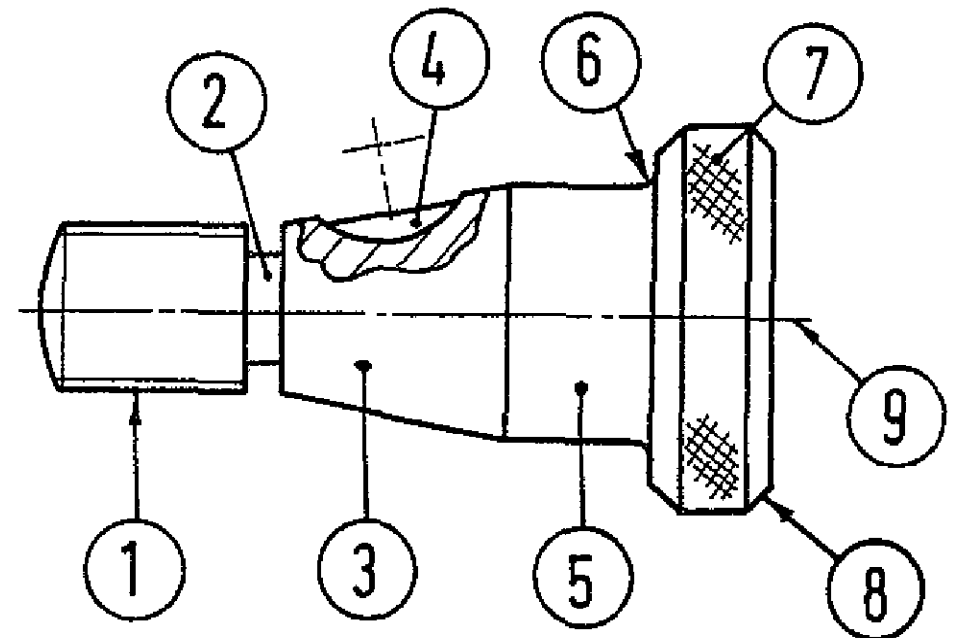
Fig. 4

- (b) (i) Identify the assembly shown in Fig. 5.
- (ii) Name the parts 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5.

(c) Fig. 6 shows a drawing of an engineering component with various numbered parts depicted using conventional symbols. Copy the chart shown on your answer sheet and identify each part by inserting the appropriate number in the left-hand column.

| No | Conventional Feature |
|----|----------------------|
|    | Diamond Knurling     |
|    | Circular Section     |
|    | Chamfer              |
|    | Centre Line          |
|    | Under-Cut            |
|    | Taper Section        |
|    | Screw Thread         |
|    | Woodruff Keyway      |
|    | Radius               |

Fig. 6



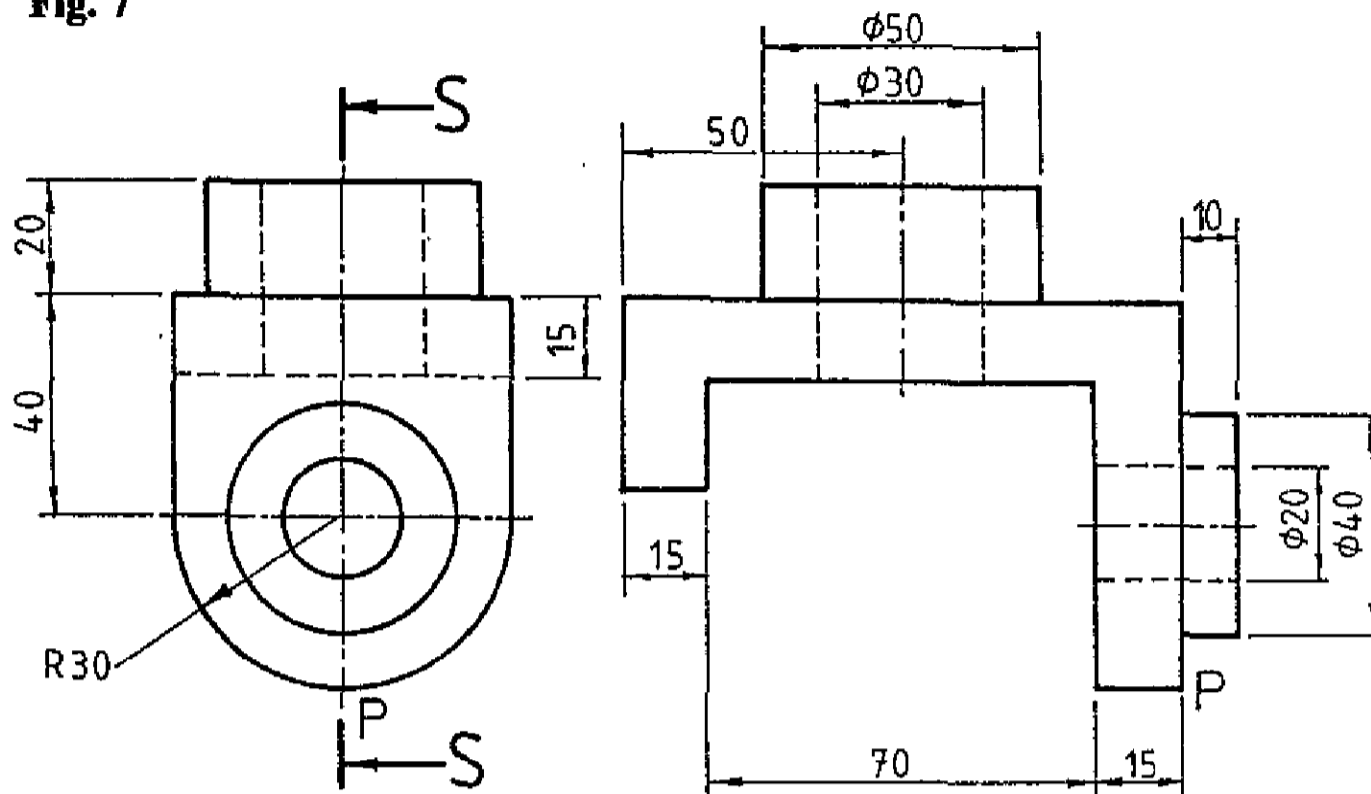
(50 marks)

5. Answer SECTION A or SECTION B but not both.

**SECTION A**

- (a) Fig. 7 shows two elevations of a machine casting. Draw an isometric view of the casting, viewed on the section plane SS with the right-hand side removed. Make point P the lowest point of the drawing.

**Fig. 7**



- (b) By means of neat freehand sketches distinguish between:

- (i) Hexagon head bolt;
- (ii) Hexagon head screw;
- (iii) Stud.

**OR**

**SECTION B**

- (a) List five (5) advantages of Computer Aided Design (CAD) systems.
- (b) List a selection of six commands necessary to produce the drawing shown in Fig. 7.1.
- (c) Having completed a drawing on a CAD system which of the following would you choose to produce the best quality hard copy?
  - (i) Dot matrix printer;
  - (ii) Plotter;
  - (iii) Ink jet printer.
- (d) Which would be the most suitable snap resolution to make the drawing in Fig. 7.2?
- (e) With the aid of a sketch and a short note explain the following functions used in CAD systems.
  - (i) Translating;
  - (ii) Duplicating;
  - (iii) Rotation.

(50 marks)

**AN ROINN OIDEACHAIS AGUS EOLAÍOCHTA**

**6602**

**SCRÚDÚ ARDTEISTIMÉIREACHTA**

**1998**

**LÍNÍOCHT THEICNIÚIL - GNÁTHLEIBHÉAL**

**PÁIPÉAR II(A)**

**FEIDHMIÚCHÁIN INNEALTÓIREACHTA**

**AN ROINN OIDEACHAIS AGUS EOLAÍOCHTA**

**LEAVING CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION**

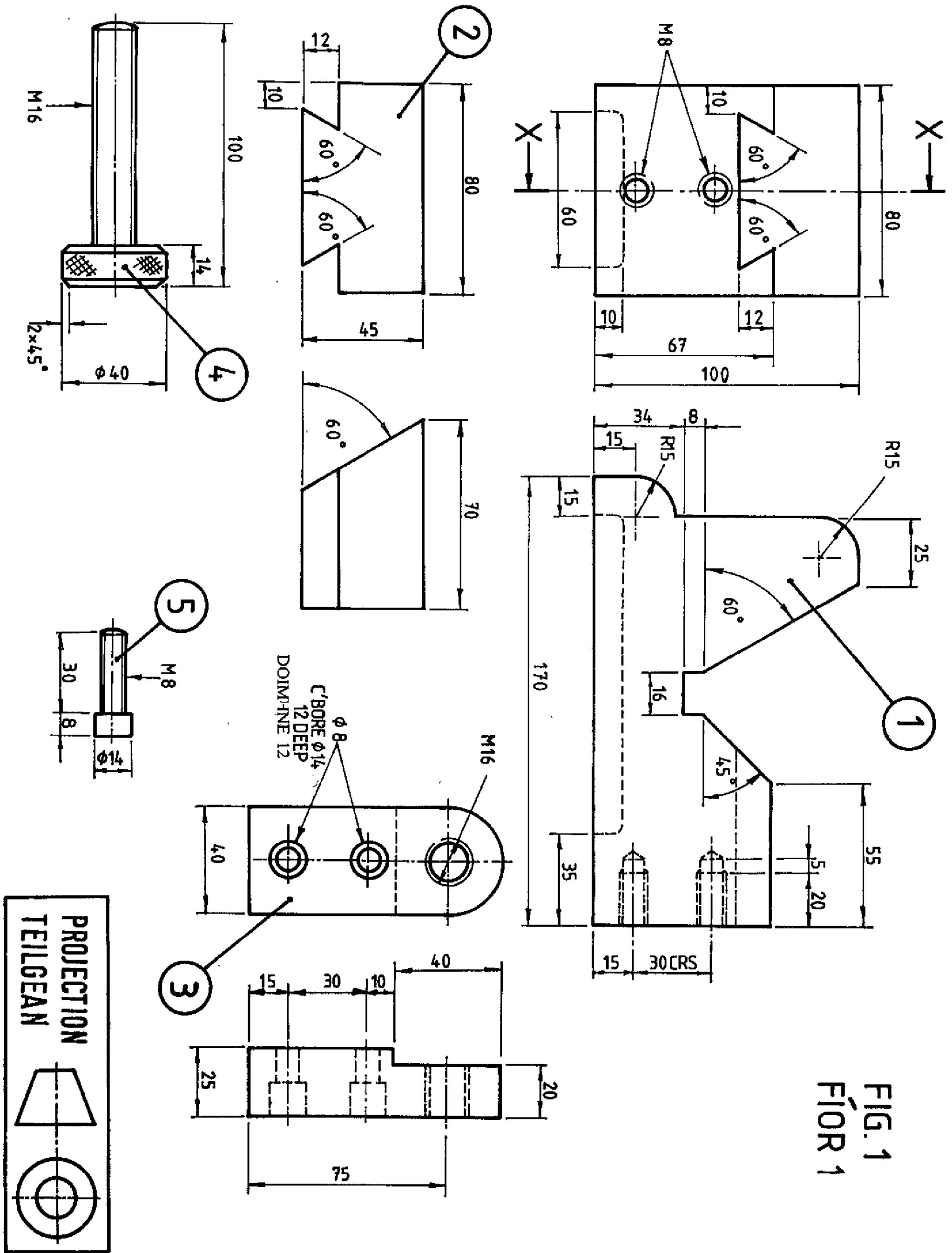
**1998**

**TECHNICAL DRAWING - ORDINARY LEVEL**

**PAPER II(A)**

**ENGINEERING APPLICATIONS**

FIG. 1  
FÍOR 1



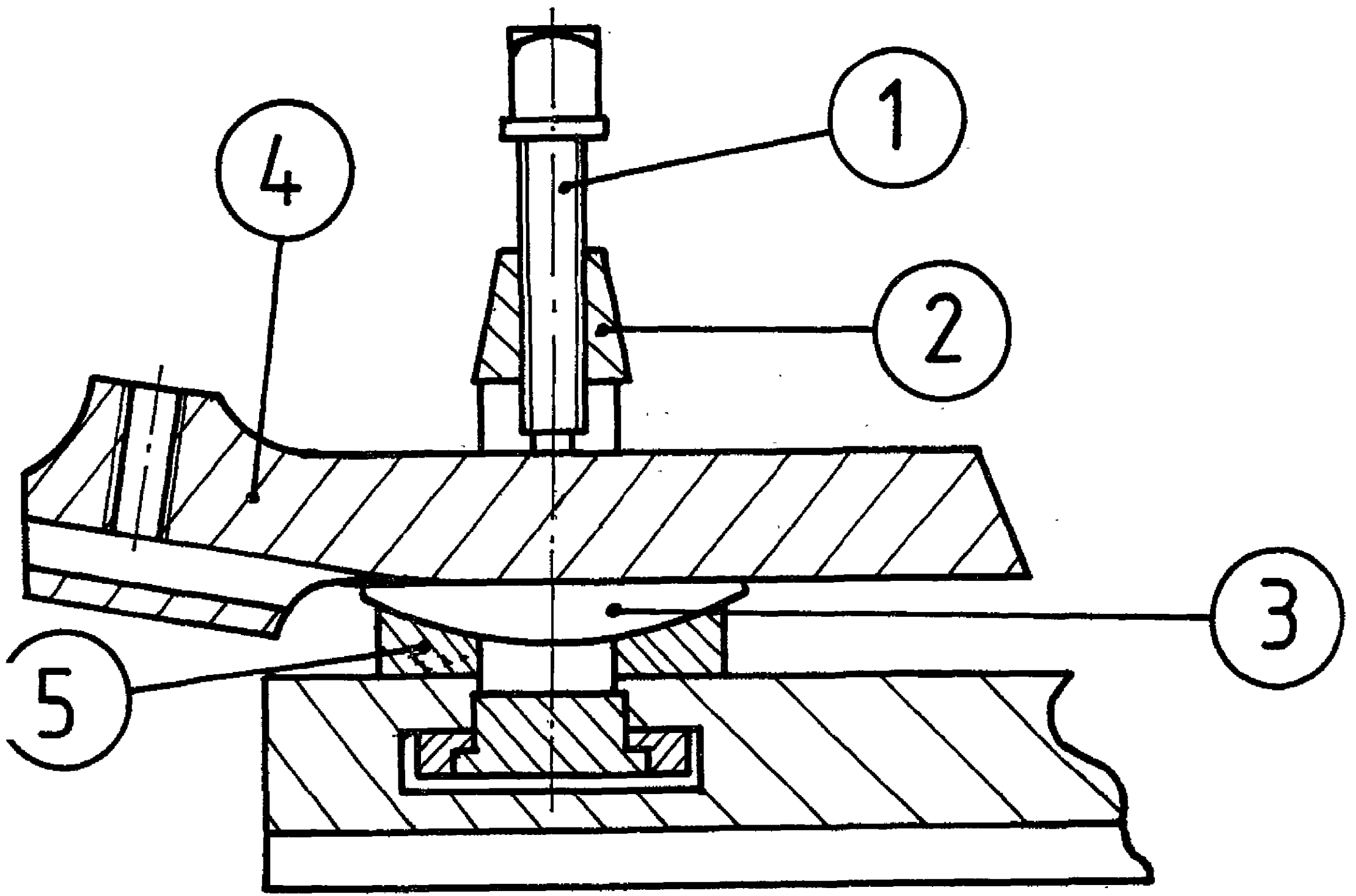


FIG. 5

FÍOR 5

FIG. 7,1  
FIOR 7,1

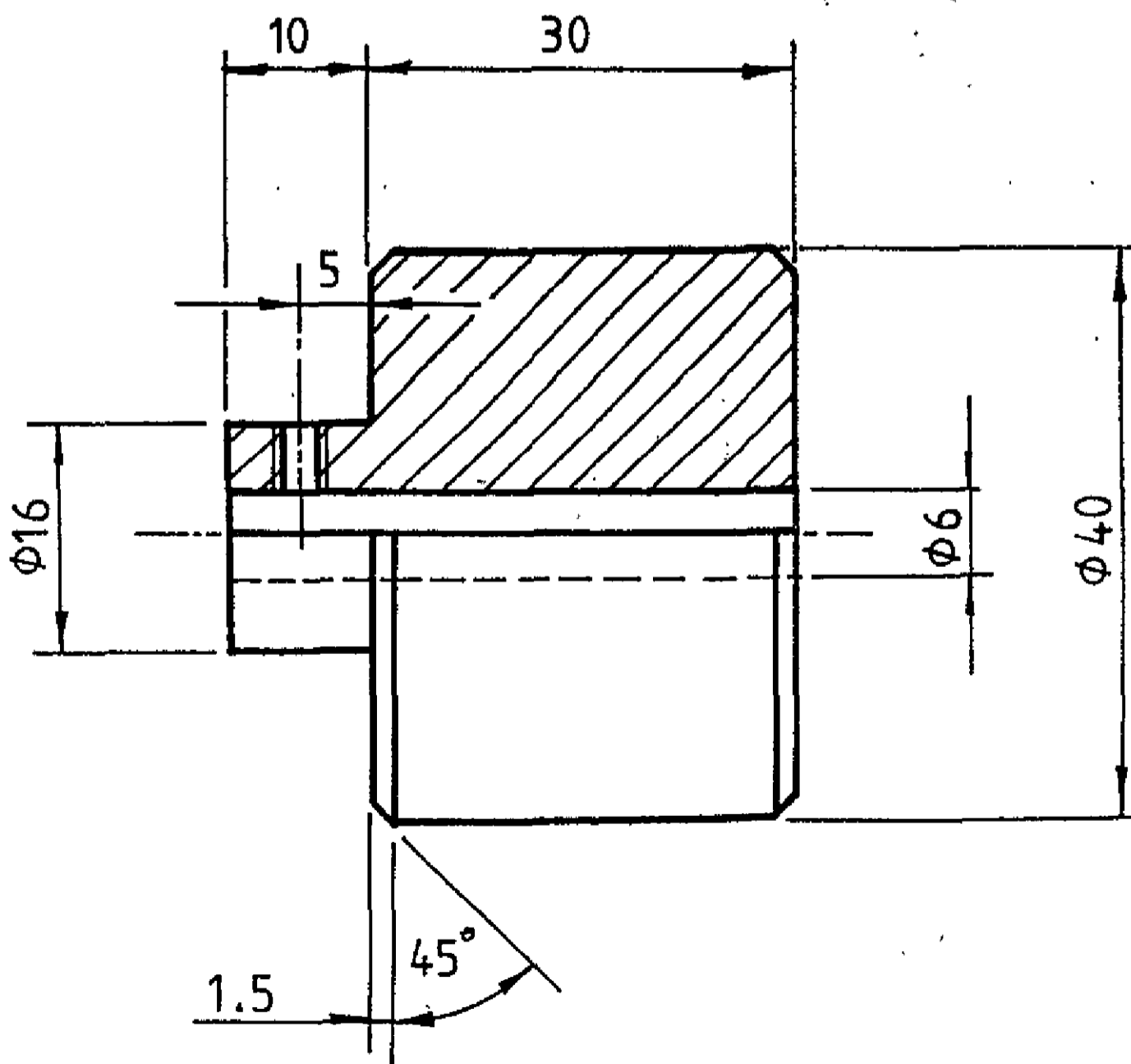
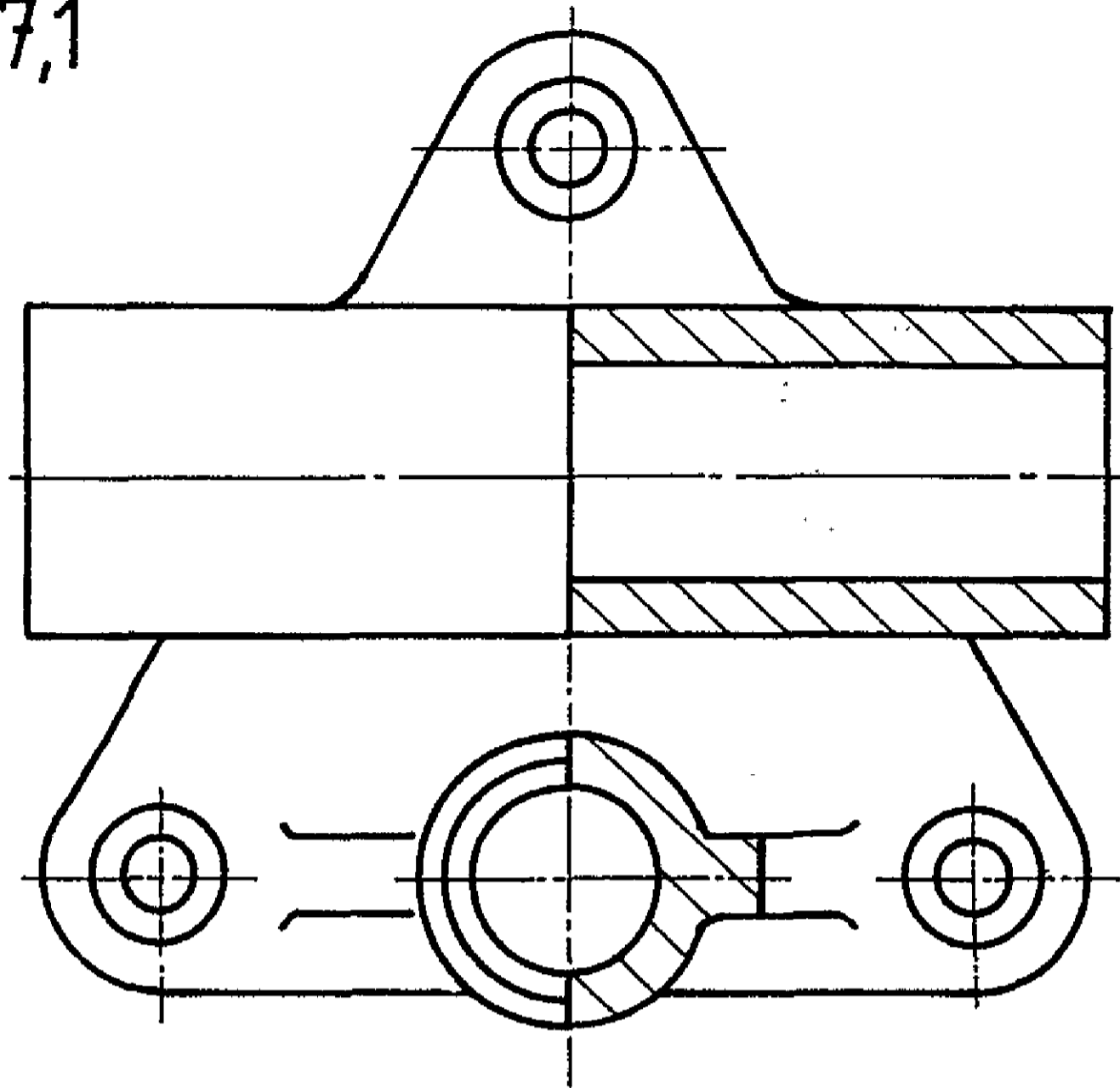


FIG. 7,2  
FIOR 7,2