



*Leaving Certificate Examination, 2014*

***Design & Communication Graphics***  
***Higher Level***

***Section A (60 marks)***

**Wednesday, 18 June**  
**Afternoon, 2:00 - 5:00**

**This examination is divided into three sections:**

- SECTION A (Core - Short Questions)  
SECTION B (Core - Long Questions)  
SECTION C (Applied Graphics - Long Questions)

- SECTION A**
- Four questions are presented.
  - Answer **any three** on the A3 sheet overleaf.
  - All questions in Section A carry **20 marks** each.

- SECTION B**
- Three questions are presented.
  - Answer **any two** on drawing paper.
  - All questions in Section B carry **45 marks** each.

- SECTION C**
- Five questions are presented.
  - Answer **any two** (i.e. the options you have studied) on drawing paper.
  - All questions in Section C carry **45 marks** each.

**General Instructions:**

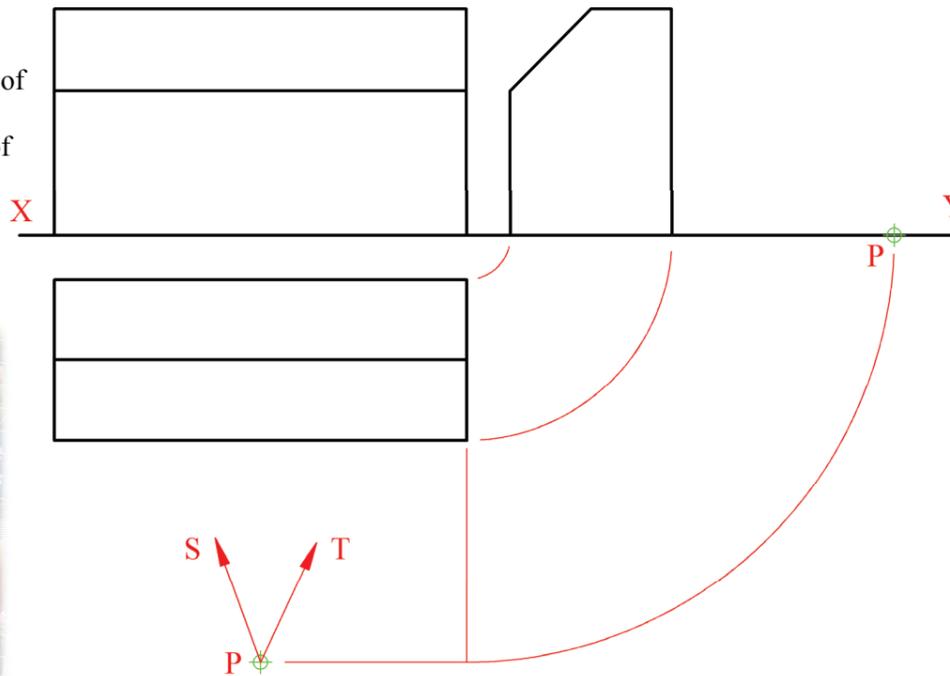
- *Construction lines must be shown on all solutions.*
- *Write the question number distinctly on the answer paper in Sections B and C.*
- *Work on one side of the drawing paper only.*
- *All dimensions are given in metres or millimetres.*
- *Write your Examination number in the box below and on all other sheets used.*

**Examination Number:**

**SECTION A - Core - Answer any three of the questions on this A3 sheet.**

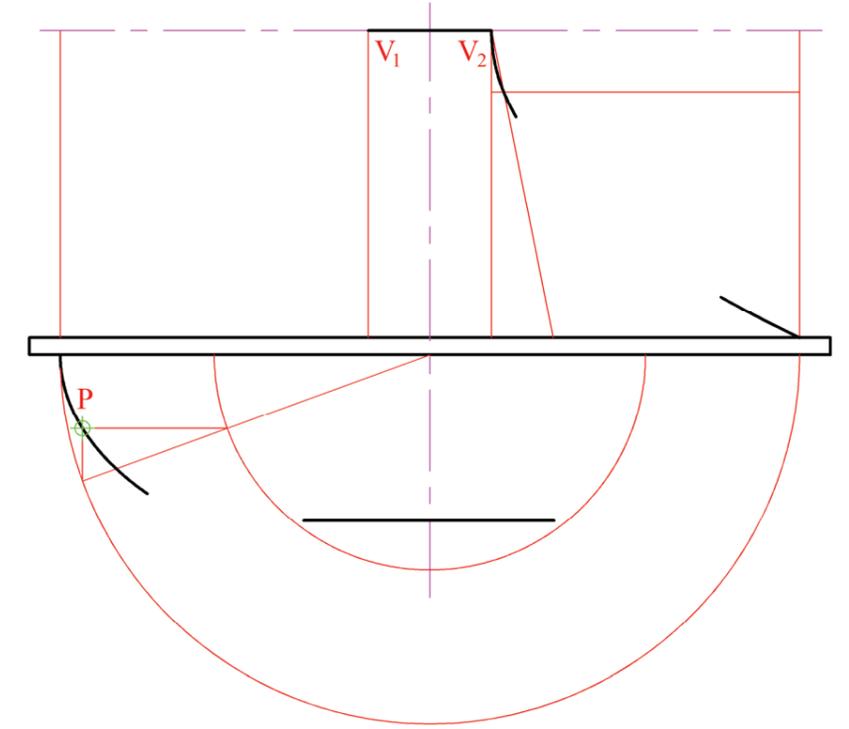
**A-1.** The drawing shows the projections of a set of soccer goal posts. A ball is positioned at **P** for two penalty kicks during a World Cup match. The ball travels in a **straight line** and hits the net each time.

- (a) The line **PS**, in plan, shows the start of the flight path of the ball for the 1<sup>st</sup> penalty kick. The ball crosses the goal line at a height that is halfway between the ground and the crossbar. Draw the projections of the **full** flight path.
- (b) Similarly, the line **PT**, which makes an angle of 15° with the ground, shows the flight path of the ball for the 2<sup>nd</sup> penalty kick. Draw the projections of the **full** flight path.



**A-3.** The 3D graphic below shows a *tagine*, which is a type of clay oven frequently used in North African cooking. The drawing on the right shows the incomplete elevation of the *tagine*. The upper “lid” is based on two semi-parabolas which are inscribed in rectangles and the lower dish is based on a semi-ellipse.

- (a) **V<sub>1</sub>** and **V<sub>2</sub>** are the vertices of the semi-parabolas. **P** is a point on the semi-ellipse. Small portions of two of the curves have already been drawn. Complete the elevation of the *tagine*. Show clearly how the **exact** length of the base is obtained.
- (b) Draw a tangent to the curve at the point **P**.

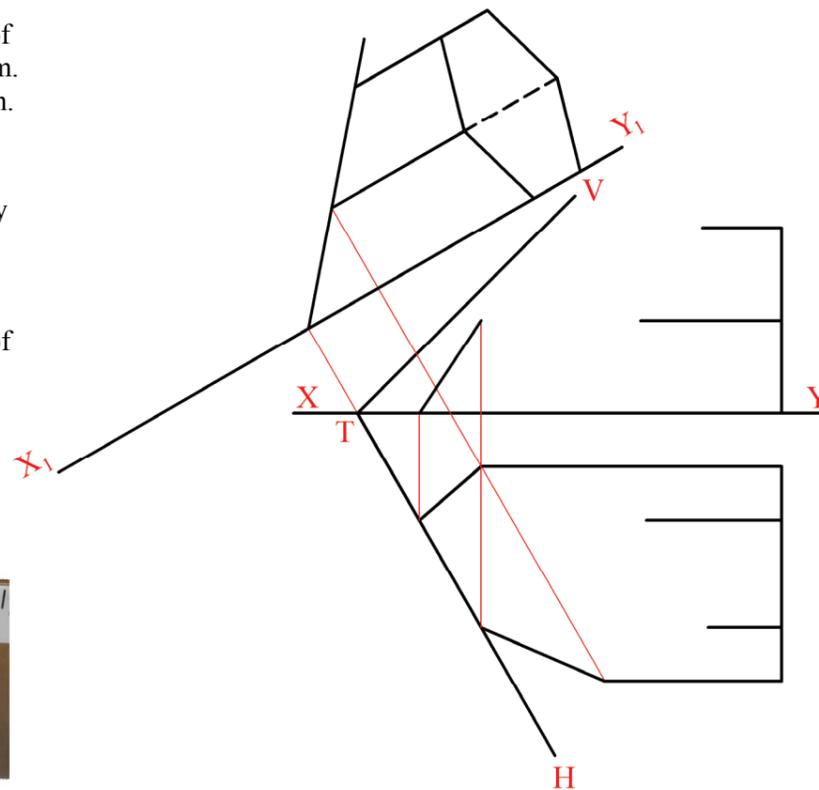
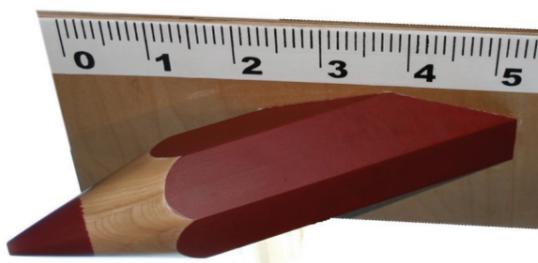


**A-2.** The 3D graphic below shows a piece of play equipment from a science museum. It includes a truncated hexagonal prism.

The drawing on the right shows the incomplete projections of a similar hexagonal prism which has been cut by the oblique plane **VTH**.

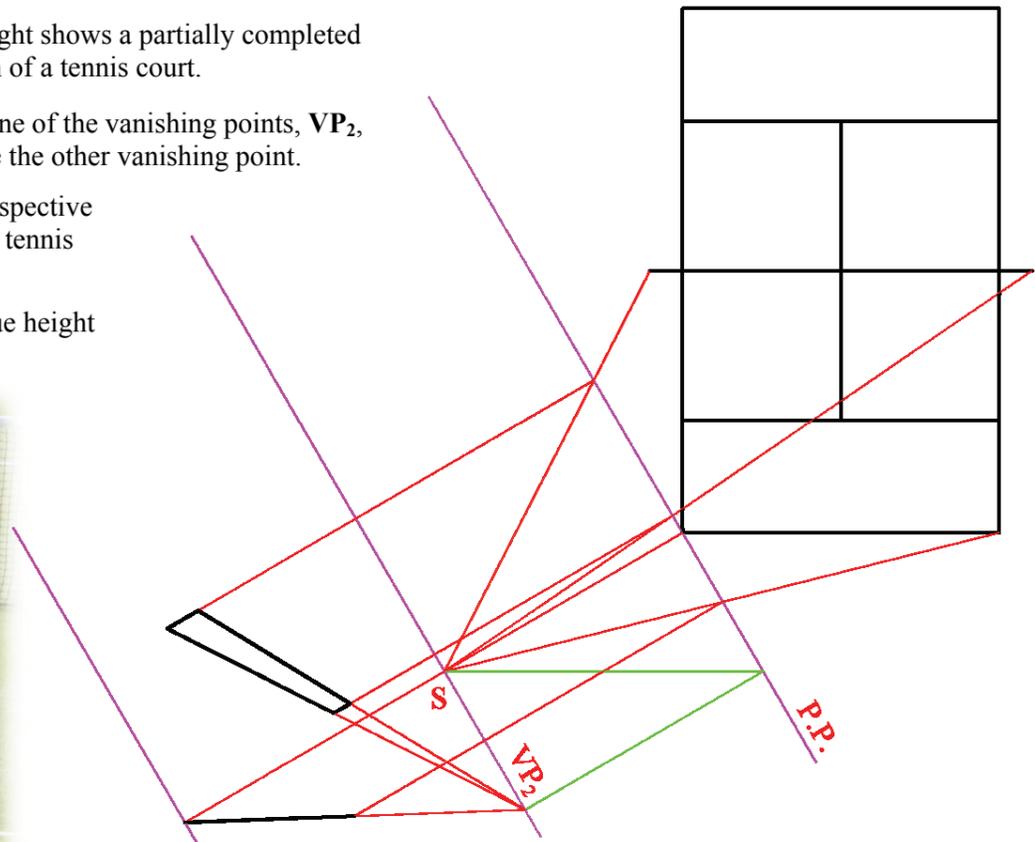
An auxiliary elevation is also given.

- (a) Complete the plan and elevation of the cut prism.
- (b) Determine the true shape of the cut surface.



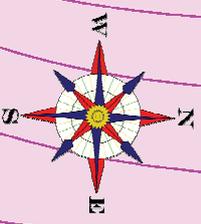
**A-4.** The drawing on the right shows a partially completed perspective projection of a tennis court.

- (a) The position of one of the vanishing points, **VP<sub>2</sub>**, is shown. Locate the other vanishing point.
- (b) Complete the perspective projection of the tennis court and the net.
- (c) Determine the true height of the net.



This Contour Map is part of Section C and should only be used for the answering of the Geologic Geometry Option (Question C-1).

(Scale 1:1000)



70 65 60 55 55 60

65 ————— E 65

70 65 60 55 50 50 55 60 65 70

D ————— E

A ————— B ————— C

75 80 85 90 85 80 75 70 65 60 60 65 70 75

