

### **LEAVING CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION, 2004**

### **MATHEMATICS – ORDINARY LEVEL**

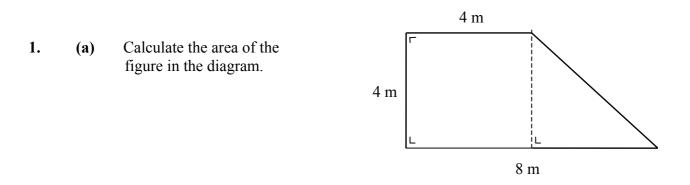
PAPER 2 (300 marks)

MONDAY, 14 JUNE – MORNING, 9:30 to 12:00

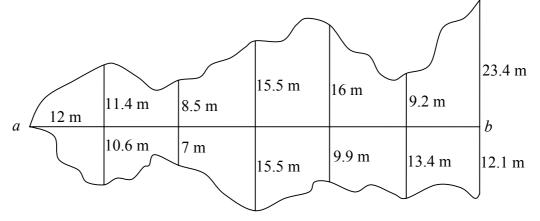
Attempt **FIVE** questions from **Section A** and **ONE** question from **Section B**. Each question carries 50 marks.

WARNING: Marks will be lost if all necessary work is not clearly shown.

### SECTION A Attempt FIVE questions from this section.



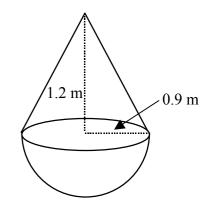
(b) The sketch shows a piece of land.



At equal intervals of 12 m along [ab], perpendicular measurements are made to the boundary, as shown on the sketch.

Use Simpson's Rule to estimate the area of the piece of land.

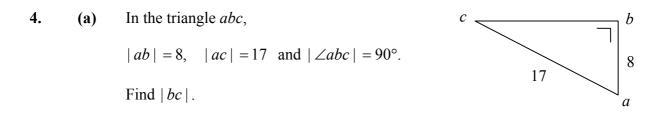
- (c) A buoy at sea is in the shape of a hemisphere with a cone on top, as in the diagram.The radius of the base of the cone is 0.9 m and its vertical height is 1.2 m.
  - (i) Find the vertical height of the buoy.
  - (ii) Find the volume of the buoy, in terms of  $\pi$ .
  - (iii) When the buoy floats, 0.8 m of its height is above water. Find, in terms of  $\pi$ , the volume of that part of the buoy that is above the water.



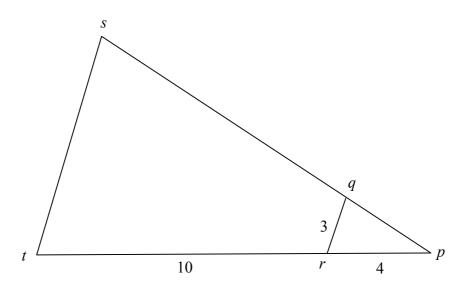
- 2. (a) p(5, -8) and q(11, 10) are two points. Find the co-ordinates of the midpoint of [pq].
  - (b) a(-1, -2), b(3, 1), c(0, 4) are three points.
    - (i) Find the length of [*ab*].
    - (ii) Calculate the area of the triangle *abc*.
    - (iii) The line L is parallel to ab and passes through the point c. Find the equation of L.
    - (iv) Show that the point d(-4, 1) is on L.
    - (v) Investigate whether *abcd* is a parallelogram.

3. (a) The circle C has equation  $x^2 + y^2 = 36$ .

- (i) Write down the radius of *C*.
- (ii) The radius of another circle is twice the radius of C. The centre of this circle is (0, 0). Write down its equation.
- (b) A circle has equation  $x^2 + y^2 = 13$ . The points a(2, -3), b(-2, 3) and c(3, 2) are on the circle.
  - (i) Verify that [*ab*] is a diameter of the circle.
  - (ii) Verify that  $\angle acb$  is a right angle.
- (c) K is a circle with centre (-2, 1). It passes through the point (-3, 4).
  - (i) Find the equation of *K*.
  - (ii) The point (t, 2t) is on the circle K. Find the two possible values of t.



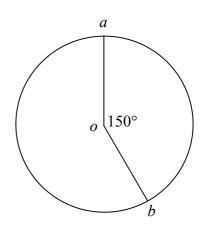
- (b) Prove that the opposite sides of a parallelogram have equal lengths.
- (c) The triangle *pst* is the image of the triangle *pqr* under an enlargement with centre *p*.



|pr| = 4, |rt| = 10 and |qr| = 3.

- (i) Find the scale factor of the enlargement.
- (ii) Find |st|.
- (iii) The area of the triangle pqr is 5 square units. Find the area of the quadrilateral qstr.

- 5. (a) The lengths of the sides of a right-angled triangle are shown in the diagram and A is the angle indicated.
  - (i) Write down the value of  $\cos A$ .
  - (ii) Hence, find the angle A, correct to the nearest degree.
  - (b) A circle has centre *o* and radius 4 cm. *a* and *b* are two points on the circle and  $|\angle aob| = 150^{\circ}$ .
    - (i) Find the area of the circle, correct to the nearest  $cm^2$ .
    - (ii) Find the area of the sector *aob*, correct to the nearest  $cm^2$ .
    - (iii) Find the length of the shorter arc *ab*, correct to the nearest cm.

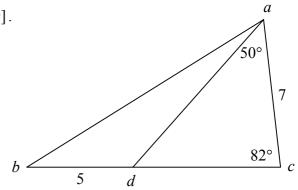


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- (c) In the triangle *abc*, *d* is a point on [*bc*]. |bd| = 5 cm, |ac| = 7 cm,  $|\angle dca| = 82^{\circ} \text{ and } |\angle cad| = 50^{\circ}.$ 
  - (i) Find |dc|, correct to the nearest cm.
  - (ii) Find |ab|, correct to the nearest cm.



- 6. (a) The letters of the word CUSTOMER are arranged at random.
  - (i) How many different arrangements are possible?
  - (ii) How many of these arrangements begin with the letter C?
  - (b) A committee of 3 people is selected from a group of 15 doctors and 12 dentists.

In how many different ways can the 3 people be selected

- (i) if there are no restrictions
- (ii) if the selection must contain exactly 2 doctors
- (iii) if the selection must contain at least 1 doctor and at least 1 dentist
- (iv) if the selection must contain one specific doctor and one specific dentist?
- (c) Four cards, numbered 2, 3, 4, 5 respectively, are shuffled and then placed in a row with the numbers visible.

Find the probability that

- (i) the numbers shown are in the order: 5, 4, 3, 2
- (ii) the first and second numbers are both even
- (iii) the sum of the two middle numbers is 7.
- 7. (a) The mean of the set of numbers  $\{1, 3, 7, 9\}$  is 5. Find the standard deviation, correct to one decimal place.
  - (b) The following table shows the time in minutes spent by customers in a cafeteria.

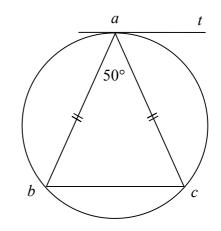
Time in minutes	0 - 10	10 - 20	20 - 40	40 - 70
Number of customers	80	100	160	60

[Note that 10 – 20 means at least 10 but less than 20 minutes etc.]

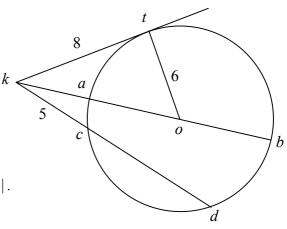
- (i) Find the total number of customers.
- (ii) Draw a histogram to represent the data.
- (iii) By taking the data at the mid-interval values, calculate the mean number of minutes per customer.
- (iv) What is the greatest number of customers who could have spent more than 30 minutes in the cafeteria?
- (v) What is the least number of customers who could have spent more than 30 minutes in the cafeteria?

#### SECTION B Attempt ONE question from this section.

- 8. (a) The points a, b and c lie on a circle. ta is a tangent to the circle.
  - |ab| = |ac| and  $|\angle cab| = 50^{\circ}$ .
  - (i) Find  $| \angle abc |$ .
  - (ii) Find  $| \angle tac |$ .



- (b) Prove that if [ab] and [cd] are chords of a circle and the lines ab and cd meet at the point k, which is outside the circle, then  $|ak| \cdot |kb| = |ck| \cdot |kd|$ .
- (c) kt is a tangent to the circle, centre *o*. [ab] is a diameter and [cd] is a chord of the circle. ab and cd meet at the point *k*. |kt| = 8, |ot| = 6and |kc| = 5.
  - (i) Find |ko|.
  - (ii) Verify that  $|kt|^2 = |ka| |kb|$ .
  - (iii) Find |cd|.



- 9. (a) *oab* is a triangle. *o* is the origin and *m* is the midpoint of [*ab*].
  - (i) Express  $\vec{ba}$  in terms of  $\vec{a}$  and  $\vec{b}$ .
  - (ii) Express  $\vec{m}$  in terms of  $\vec{a}$  and  $\vec{b}$ .

**(b)** Let 
$$\vec{p} = 5\vec{i} + 2\vec{j}$$
 and  $\vec{q} = 3\vec{i} - 6\vec{j}$ .

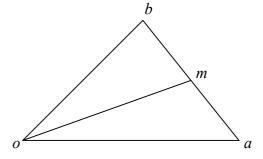
- (i) Express  $2\vec{p}-3\vec{q}$  in terms of  $\vec{i}$  and  $\vec{j}$ .
- (ii) Find the scalars k and t such that  $\vec{k(5 i + 2 j)} + t(\vec{3 i - 6 j}) = 7 \vec{i} - 26 \vec{j}.$

(c) Let 
$$\vec{x} = 2\vec{i} + 3\vec{j}$$
 and  $\vec{y} = 5\vec{i} + \vec{j}$ .

- (i) Show that  $|\vec{x} \vec{y}| < |\vec{x}| + |\vec{y}|$ .
- (ii) Write  $\vec{x}^{\perp}$  in terms of  $\vec{i}$  and  $\vec{j}$ . Hence, calculate the dot product  $\vec{y}.(\vec{x}+\vec{x}^{\perp})$ .

**10.** (a) Expand  $(1+x)^4$  fully.

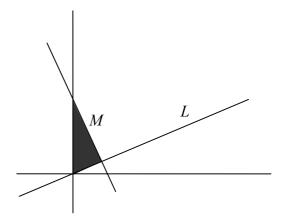
- (b) The fourth term of an arithmetic sequence is -4. The seventh term of the sequence is -16.
  - (i) Find the common difference, d.
  - (ii) Find the first term, *a*.
  - (iii) Show that the difference between the fourth term and the twenty-ninth term is 100.
- (c) (i) The sum to infinity of a geometric series is 4. The first term, a, is twice the common ratio, r. Find r.
  - (ii) €500 is invested at 7.5% per annum compound interest.Show that after 10 years the value of the investment is greater than €1000.



11. (a) The equation of the line L is x - 2y = 0.

The equation of the line *M* is 2x + y = 4.

Write down the three inequalities that together define the shaded region in the diagram.



- (b) A shop-owner displays videos and DVDs in his shop. Each video requires 720 cm<sup>3</sup> of display space and each DVD requires 360 cm<sup>3</sup> of display space. The available display space cannot exceed 108 000 cm<sup>3</sup>. The shop-owner buys each video for €6 and each DVD for €8. He does not wish to spend more than €1200.
  - (i) Taking x as the number of videos and y as the number of DVDs, write down two inequalities in x and y and illustrate these on graph paper.

During a DVD promotion the selling price of a video is  $\in 11$  and of a DVD is  $\in 10$ . Assuming that the shop-owner can sell all the videos and DVDs,

- (ii) how many of each type should he display in order to maximise his income?
- (iii) how many of each type should he display in order to maximise his profit?

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