EXAM. NUMBER:




Coimisiún na Scrúduithe Stáit State Examinations Commission

## JUNIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION, 2005

## MATHEMATICS - ORDINARY LEVEL - PAPER 1 (300 marks)

THURSDAY, JUNE 9 - MORNING, 9:30 to 11:30
Time: 2 hours

Attempt ALL questions. Each question carries 50 marks.

Answers and supporting work should be written into the boxes provided.
Extra paper and graph paper can be obtained from the Superintendent, if needed.

The symbol indicates that supporting work must be shown to obtain full marks.

Make and model of calculator used:
$\square$
For Superintendent/Examiner use only:
Centre Stamp


| Question | Mark |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ |  |
| $\mathbf{2}$ |  |
| $\mathbf{3}$ |  |
| $\mathbf{4}$ |  |
| $\mathbf{5}$ |  |
| $\mathbf{6}$ |  |
| Total |  |
| Grade |  |

1. (a) $P=\{x, y, w\}$
(i) Write down a subset of $P$ that has one element.

(ii) Write down a subset of $P$ that has two elements.


1(b) $\quad U$ is the universal set.
$A=\{1,2,4,8\}$, the set of divisors of 8 .
$B=\{1,2,3,4,6,12\}$, the set of divisors of 12 .
$C=\{1,2,4,5,10,20\}$, the set of divisors of 20 .

(i) List the elements of $A \cap C$.
(ii) List the elements of $B^{\prime}$, the complement of the set $B$.
(iii) List the elements of $C \backslash(A \cap B)$.
(iv) Using the Venn diagram above, or otherwise, find the highest common factor of 8,12 and 20.

1(c) $M$ is the set of natural numbers from 1 to 20, inclusive.
(i) List the elements of $M$ that are multiples of 3 .
$\square$
(ii) List the elements of $M$ that are multiples of 5 .
$\square$
(iii) Write down the lowest common multiple of 3 and 5 .
$\square$
(iv) Express 10 as the sum of three prime numbers.
$\square$
2. (a) If $12 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ of carpet cost $€ 504$, find the cost of $15 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ of the same carpet.


2(b) (i) Simplify $\frac{a^{9} \times a^{5}}{a^{6} \times a^{2}}$, giving your answer in the form $a^{n}$, where $n \in \mathbf{N}$.

(ii) By rounding each of these numbers to the nearest whole number, estimate the value of $\frac{56 \cdot 214}{2 \cdot 31+5 \cdot 79}$.

畆 $\frac{56 \cdot 214}{2 \cdot 31+5 \cdot 79}$ is approximately equal to:

(iii) Using a calculator, or otherwise, find the exact value of $\frac{56 \cdot 214}{2 \cdot 31+5 \cdot 79}$.


2(c) Using a calculator, or otherwise, find the exact value of:

(ii) $\frac{1}{6 \cdot 4}$
(iii) Using a calculator, or otherwise, evaluate

$$
\sqrt{65 \cdot 61} \times \frac{3 \cdot 14}{0 \cdot 47}-(2 \cdot 42)^{2}
$$

Give your answer correct to two decimal places.
2
3. (a) Aoife bought 3 compact discs at $€ 16 \cdot 50$ each and 2 magazines at $€ 4 \cdot 20$ each. How much did she pay altogether?
$\square$

3(b) (i) Patrick bought a car for $€ 14080$ and sold it for $€ 16000$. Calculate his profit as a percentage of the selling price.
$\square$
(ii) $€ 6000$ is invested at $5 \%$ per annum.

What is the amount of the investment at the end of one year?

3(c) Helen's weekly wage is $€ 850$.
She pays income tax at the rate of $20 \%$ on the first $€ 600$ of her wage and income tax at the rate of $42 \%$ on the remainder of her wage.
Helen has a weekly tax credit of $€ 54$.
(i) Calculate the tax payable at the rate of $20 \%$ on the first $€ 600$ of her wage.
$\square$
(ii) Calculate the tax payable at the rate of $42 \%$ on the remainder of her wage.
$\square$
(iii) Hence calculate Helen's gross tax.

(iv) Calculate the tax payable by Helen.

4. (a) If $x=4$, find the value of:
2
(i) $5 x+3$

2
(ii) $x^{2}-x+7$

4(b) (i) Multiply $(3 x-2)$ by $(4 x+5)$ and write your answer in its simplest form.

(ii) Write in its simplest form

$$
\left(4 x^{2}-3 x+7\right)+\left(x^{2}-2 x-8\right)
$$



## 4(c)

A rectangle has a length $(x+6) \mathrm{cm}$ and width $x \mathrm{~cm}$, as in the diagram.

(i) Find the perimeter of this rectangle in terms of $x$.

(ii) If the perimeter of the rectangle is 40 cm , write down an equation in $x$ to represent this information.

(iii) Solve the equation that you formed in part (ii) above, for $x$.

(iv) Find the area of the square with the same perimeter as the given rectangle. Give your answer in $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$.

5. (a) Solve the equation $5 x-6=3(x+4)$
$\square$

5(b) Factorise:
(i) $4 a b+8 b$

2
(ii) $a b+2 a c+5 b+10 c$
(iii) $x^{2}+2 x-15$
(iv) $\quad x^{2}-y^{2}$

5(c) (i) Express $\frac{x+5}{4}+\frac{x+2}{3}$ as a single fraction.
Give your answer in its simplest form.

$$
\frac{x+5}{4}+\frac{x+2}{3}=
$$

(ii) Hence, or otherwise, solve the equation

$$
\frac{x+5}{4}+\frac{x+2}{3}=\frac{5}{2}
$$

(iii) Solve for $x$ and for $y$ :

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 3 x-y=8 \\
& x+2 y=5
\end{aligned}
$$

6. (a) $\quad f(x)=5 x-6$. Find:
es
(i) $\quad f(3)$

20
(ii) $\quad f(-2)$

6(b) Draw the graph of the function

$$
f: x \rightarrow x^{2}+x-3
$$

in the domain $-3 \leq x \leq 2$, where $x \in \mathbf{R}$.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

6(c) Use the graph drawn in 6 (b) to estimate:
(i) the values of $x$ for which $f(x)=0$

2 Work to be shown on the graph and answers to be written here.
(ii) the value of $f(x)$ when $x=0 \cdot 5$.

Work to be shown on the graph and answer to be written here.


