AN ROINN OIDEACHAIS AGUS EOLAÍOCHTA S61B

## **B** JUNIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION, 2003 TECHNICAL GRAPHICS — HIGHER LEVEL THURSDAY 12 JUNE — MORNING, 9:30 - 12:30

## SECTION B — 280 MARKS

## **INSTRUCTIONS FOR SECTION B**

- (a) <u>Any four</u> questions to be answered.
- (b) All questions in this Section carry equal marks.
- (c) The number of the question must be distinctly marked by the side of each answer.
- (d) Work on <u>one side</u> of the paper only.
- (e) Examination number must be distinctly marked on each sheet of paper used.

- **1.** A pictorial view of a monument is shown.
  - (a) Draw an elevation looking in the direction of the arrow A.
  - (b) Draw an end view looking in the direction of the arrow B.
  - (c) Draw a plan projected from (a) above.
  - (d) Draw an auxiliary elevation of the <u>complete structure</u> which will show the true shape of the surface S.



- **2.** The figure shows the outline of a perfume bottle including a square label.
  - (a) Draw the figure to the given dimensions showing all constructions clearly.
  - (b) Draw a similar figure to the given figure having an overall height of 140.



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**3.** The figure shows the axonometric axes required for the isometric projection of a chess piece.

The side elevation and plan are shown in their required positions.

- (a) (i) Draw the axonometric axes X, Y and Z.
  - (ii) Draw the plan orientated at 45° as shown.
  - (iii) Draw the side elevation orientated at 15° as shown.
  - (iv) Draw the axonometric projection of the chess piece.

## <u>OR</u>

(b) Draw the isometric projection of the chess piece using the isometric scale method.



- **4.** The elevation and end view of a container based on a pentagonal prism are shown. The container encloses a snooker ball which is tangential to all surfaces.
  - (a) Draw the given views.
  - (b) Show the projections of all points of contact between the ball and the surfaces of the container.
  - (c) Draw the complete surface development of the container.





- (i) Axial symmetry in the line L L1.
- (ii) Central symmetry in point S.
- (iii) Translation equal to ST.
- (iv) Rotation clockwise about point R through an angle of 35°.

Draw the given figure and determine the image figures in each of the transformations.



**6.** The figure shows a design based on the elevation of a sports stadium. The curve ABCDE is based on an semi-ellipse with major axis 100 and minor axis 60. The focal points F and G are indicated. The lines BR and DR are tangential to the ellipse at points B and D respectively. The curve QRS is based on the same semi-ellipse.

The curves AP and ET are semi-parabolas with vertices at A and E respectively.

Draw the design showing all construction lines.

