

## LEAVING CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION, 1989

MATHEMATICS – ORDINARY LEVEL – PAPER II (300 marks)

FRIDAY, 9 JUNE – MORNING, 9.30 – 12.00

Attempt QUESTION 1 (100 marks) and FOUR other questions (50 marks each)

Marks may be lost if all your work is not clearly shown  
or if you do not indicate where a calculator has been used

1. (i) A person sells property for IR£80 000. The person pays a commission of 1% of the selling price. The person also pays tax on 45% of the selling price at the rate of 60%.  
How much money has the person left after payment of commission and tax ?

- (ii) Solve

$$3x^2 - 4(x + 2) - 7 = 0.$$

- (iii) Factorize

$$(y^3 - 1) - (y - 1).$$

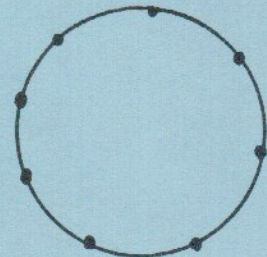
- (iv) Solve the simultaneous equations

$$3x - y = 8; \quad x = 1.2 - 0.4y.$$

- (v) In a sequence, the general term  $T_n = \frac{2^n}{3}$ .

Show that  $T_{n+1} \div T_n$  is a constant.

- (vi) The diagram shows 8 points on a circle.  
A chord is a line segment joining any two of these points.  
Calculate the number of such chords that can be drawn.



(vii) On a graph, shade the set of points of the set

$$\{(x, y) \mid 2y \leq x, \quad x, y \in \mathbf{R}\}$$

and give a reason for your answer.

(viii) If  $3^x - 1 = 243$ , find the value of  $x$ .

(ix) The function  $f$  is defined as

$$f: \mathbf{R} \rightarrow \mathbf{R} : x \rightarrow x^2 - x.$$

Find the two values of  $k$  for which

$$f(k) = f(2k).$$

(x) Differentiate  $\frac{x}{1-x^3}$  with respect of  $x$ .

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2. Let  $z = 2 - 3i$  and  $w = 5 - 7i$ , where  $i = \sqrt{-1}$ .  
 Plot  $z$  and  $w$  on an Argand diagram.  
 Verify that  $|w - z| = 5$ .  
 Draw the set  $K$  of all complex numbers such that each is a distance of 5 from  $z$ .  
 Give a geometrical meaning for  $|w - z|$ .  
 Investigate if  $(-1 + i)$  is an element of  $K$ .  
 Write in the form  $a + ib$  the image of  $w$  under the central symmetry in  $z$ .

3. A group of people form a club and over a period of time contribute to a fund to purchase equipment. The records showed the contributions as follows:

Contributions IR£	0 – 10	10 – 20	20 – 30	30 – 40	40 – 60
Number of club members	15	20	30	25	10

(Note: 0 – 10 means 0 is included but 10 is not etc.)

Calculate  $\bar{x}$ , the mean contribution per person, taking the contributions at the mid-interval values.

Construct the corresponding cumulative frequency table using the headings  $<10$ ,  $<20$ ,  $<30$ ,  $<40$  and  $<60$  and draw the cumulative frequency curve.

Use the curve to estimate

the number of people in the range  $\bar{x} - \sigma$  to  $\bar{x} + \sigma$ ,  
 taking the standard deviation  $\sigma = 13$ .

4. If  $f(x) = 2x^3 + 7x^2 + 2x - 3$ , complete the following table:

$x$	-3.5	-3	-2	-1	0	1
$f(x)$	-10					

Draw the graph of the function

$$f: x \rightarrow 2x^3 + 7x^2 + 2x - 3$$

in the domain  $-3.5 \leq x \leq 1$ .

Use your graph to estimate

- (i) the value of  $f(-1.5)$
- (ii) the values of  $x$  for which the tangents to the graph have slope 0
- (iii) the range of values of  $x$  in the given domain for which  $x(2x^2 + 7x + 3) < 5 + x$ .

5. (a) Solve

$$\frac{2}{x-1} = \frac{x}{x^2-6}$$

- (b) Evaluate

$$\frac{3! n!}{(n-2)! 2n}$$

- (c) Write out the first four terms of the expansion of

$$x^{12} \left(1 + \frac{2}{x}\right)^6$$

in descending powers of  $x$ .

Find the sum of the first four terms when  $x = 1$ .

6. (a) The sum of the first five terms of an arithmetic series is 2 and the fifth term is  $-\frac{6}{5}$ .

Find the values of  $a$  and  $d$ . Hence, calculate the sum of the second five terms.

- (b) A person put IR£ $W$  at compound interest in a Savings Bank. The rate for the first year was 10%. At the end of the first year the person put another IR£ $W$  in the Savings Bank. The rate for the second year was 8% and the rate for the third year was 5%. If the total investment at the end of the three years amounted to IR£5953.50, calculate  $W$ .

7. A company assembles two models of microcomputer – model  $K$  and model  $T$ . The company must assemble at least 4 times as many of Model  $K$  as model  $T$ . If  $x$  of model  $K$  and  $y$  of model  $T$  are assembled, verify that  $x \geq 4y$ .

The assembly time for each model  $K$  is 18 hours and for each model  $T$  is 24 hours and a total of 192 hours is available in a given assembly period.

Graph the set showing the possible number of each model assembled in the period.

There is a ready market for each model and the company makes a profit of IR£150 on each model  $K$  and IR£100 on each model  $T$ . How many of each type should the company assemble to give a maximum profit?

Indicate on your graph the region where the profit is greater than or equal to IR£600.

8. (a) Differentiate from first principles  $2x - 3x^2$  with respect to  $x$ .

- (b) (i) Find the slope and equation of the tangent to the curve  
 $y = (3x - 2)(1 - x^2)$   
at the point  $(0, -2)$ .

- (ii) If  $y = (3x^2 - 5)^7$ , show that  $\frac{dy}{dx} > 0$   
for all  $x > 0, x \in \mathbf{R}$ .

- (c) Show that at  $x = \frac{5}{3}$ , the curve  
 $y = x^3 - x^2 - 5x + 7$   
has a local minimum.

Find the co-ordinates of the local maximum.