AN ROINN OIDEACHAIS

M.45(a)

Examination Number

OVER →

INTERMEDIATE CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION, 1986

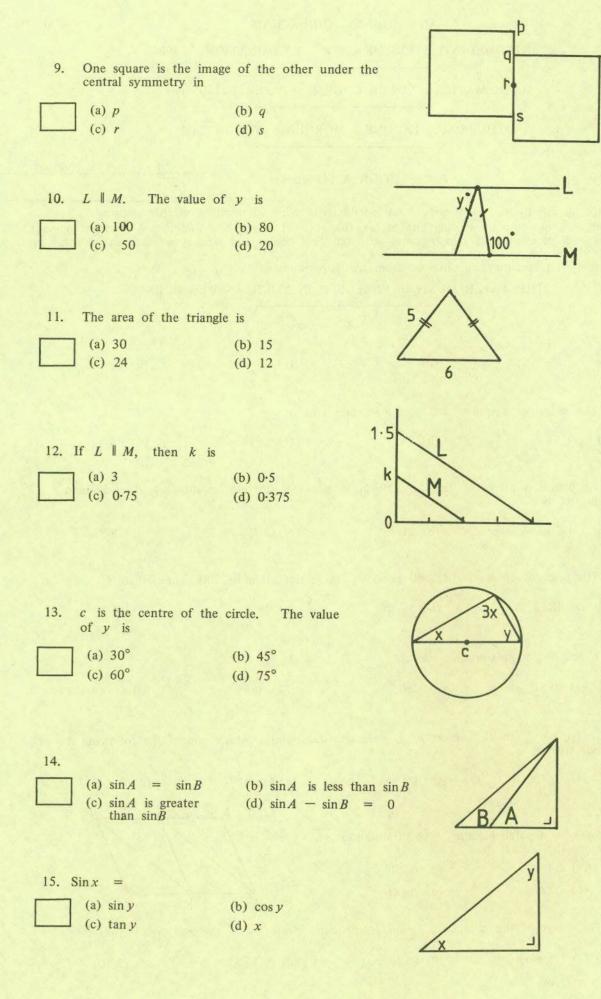
MATHEMATICS - LOWER COURSE - PAPER I (150 marks)

THURSDAY, 12 JUNE - MORNING, 9.30 to 12.00

SECTION A (45 marks)

Answ If you	ver each question by wrong wish to change an an	a should not spend more iting one of (a), (b), (c), iswer, cross out your firs	(d) in the box under ext choice and write your	each question number.	
Mathematical tables may be obtained from the Superintendent. THIS PAPER MUST BE ENCLOSED IN YOUR ANSWER BOOK					
THE THE POOR THE POOR THE POOR					
1.	$\frac{3}{4} \div 1\frac{1}{3}$ is				
	(a) $\frac{9}{16}$	(b) 1	(c) $\frac{1}{4}$	(d) $1\frac{7}{9}$	
2. The radius of a sphere is 2. The surface area is					
	(a) 4π	(b) 8π	(c) 16π	(d) 64π	
3.	An article is priced at in $IR\mathcal{L}$ is	IR£25. During a sale	15% discount is allowed	. The discount	
	(a) 10	(b) 21·25	(c) 3·75	(d) 28·75	
4.	4. The price of cheese is IR£2.80 per kg. A section of mass 200 grammes costs				
	(a) IR£2	(b) 5·6 p	(c) 28 p	(d) 56 p	
5. Which one is greater than 0.5 ?					
	(a) $(0.5)^2$	(b) 0·05	(c) $\sqrt{0.5}$	(d) 5 × 10 ⁻¹	
6.	6. If $(p, q) \uparrow (r, s)$, where p, q, r, s are four points, which one of the following is not true?				
		(b) $(r, s) \uparrow (p, q)$	(c) $(p, r) \uparrow (q, s)$	(d) $(p, s) \uparrow (r, q)$	
7.	pqrs is a parallelogram maps the $\triangle phs$ to	. The translation \overrightarrow{ph}	1 1	#7ª	
	(a) ∆ <i>hsk</i>	(b) itself	1/1/	//	
	(c) Δh kq	(d) $\Delta q kr$	s k		
8.	The image of the point (2, 3) under the axial symmetry in the x-axis is the point				
	(a) $(2, -3)$	(b) (-2, -3)	(c) (-2, 3)	(d) (2, 0)	

DUBLIN



AN ROINN OIDEACHAIS

M.45

INTERMEDIATE CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION, 1986

MATHEMATICS - LOWER COURSE - PAPER I (150 marks)

THURSDAY, 12 JUNE - MORNING, 9.30 to 12.00

SECTION B (105 marks)

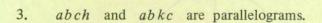
Attempt QUESTION 1 (30 marks) and THREE other questions (25 marks each)

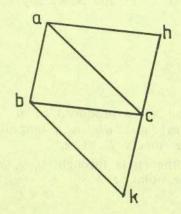
Marks may be lost if all your work is not clearly shown

- 1. (a) Calculate the sum of (35% of 35) and (9.25×9) .
 - (b) Using your tables (p. 20 p. 27), or otherwise, find the value of $\frac{1000}{\sqrt{77.88}}$.
 - (c) A computer game costs £96 sterling. If IR£ is worth 80p sterling, calculate the cost of the computer game in IR£.
- 2. A crayon in the shape of cylinder has a radius of 0.4 cm and a height of 8.4 cm. Calculate the volume of the crayon, taking π to be $\frac{22}{7}$.

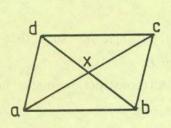
Five crayons are to fit into a rectangular box of height 8-4 cm. Find the capacity (internal volume) of the smallest box that will hold the crayons.

What is the differences in cm³ between this capacity and the volume of the five crayons?





- (i) Name two couples equipollent to (a, b).
- (ii) Name the translation which maps $\triangle ahc \rightarrow \triangle bck$.
- (iii) What is the image of $\triangle bck$ under the projection on ab where the projection is parallel to ac?
- (iv) If |hk| = 8 and the area of abkh is 36, find the distance of c from ab.
- 4. Prove that the diagonals of a parallelogram bisect each other.

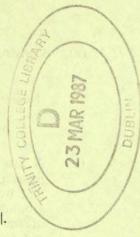


Prove that

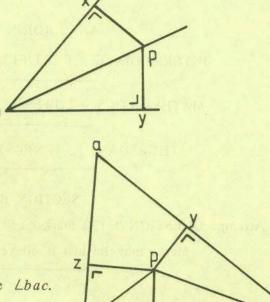
area of $\triangle xab = \text{area of } \triangle xbc$

and calculate the area of abcd when the area of $\triangle xab$ is 25.

If $|\angle cab| = 21^{\circ}$, $|\angle adb| = 73^{\circ}$, $|\angle abc| = 115^{\circ}$, calculate $|\angle cxb|$.



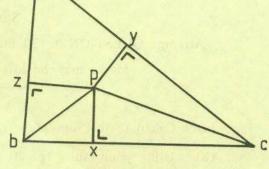
op is the bisector of Lxoy. 5. Prove |px| = |py|.



pb and pc bisect the angles shown. Prove that

$$|px| = |py| = |pz|.$$

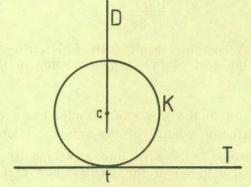
If p is joined to a, prove that pa bisects the $\angle bac$.



T is the tangent to the circle K at t and cis the centre of K.

Write out the meaning of the statement

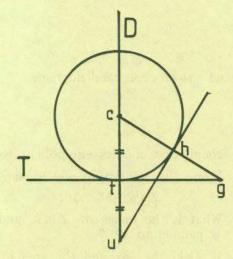
$$\{t\} = K \cap T.$$



Write down (i) the image of K (ii) the image of T under the axial symmetry in D where $D \perp T$ and hence say why D must contain t.

The diagonal D is produced to u so that |ct| = |tu| and uh is a tangent to the circle. ch meets T at g.

Prove that the circle through u, g, h also contains the point t.



7. Construct an angle Q such that (a)

$$\tan Q = 1.2.$$

(Note: All construction marks must be clearly shown)

A kite is flying at the end of a piece of string of length 25 m, the other end being tied to a point on the ground. The angle of elevation (b) of the string with the horizontal can vary from 30° to 50°. If h_2 is the kite's greatest height and h_1 its least height above the ground, show that

 h_2 is greater that $\frac{3}{2}h_1$.

