AN ROINN OIDEACHAIS

(Department of Education)

INTERMEDIATE CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION, 1961,

ELEMENTARY MATHEMATICS (Algebra), FOR GIRLS ONLY.

TUESDAY, 13th JUNE .- MORNING, 10 to 12.

All questions to be answered

All questions carry equal marks.

1. Express in simplest form:

$$(2x-3)(x+5)-(x+5)(x-2)-(x-1)^2$$
.

- 2. Solve the following equations:
 - (a) $\frac{1}{4}(x-1) \frac{1}{2}(8-x) = \frac{2}{3}(x-2)$;
 - (b) $\begin{cases} 3x 2y = 12, \\ 2x + y = 1. \end{cases}$
- 3. Factorise:
 - (a) $x^2-10x+24$;
 - (b) $x^2-(y-1)^2$;
 - (c) a(a+b)-c(c+b);
 - $(d) (x+1)^3 (x-1)^3$.
- 4. A girl spends 8s. 2d. in buying x bangles at 3d. each and y brooches at 5d. each. She could have bought y bangles and x brooches for 7s. 10d. How many of each kind did she buy ?
 - 5. Solve each of the following equations:
 - (a) $x^2 = 64$;
 - (b) $2(x-4)^2=50$;
 - (c) $x^2 8x = 308$.
- 6. Draw the graph of $2x^2-3$ for values of x from x=-3 to x=+3. Use the graph, (a) to solve the equation $2x^2-3=0$, (b) to find the value of $2x^2-3$ when $x=1\cdot7$, (c) to find the values of x for which $2x^2-3=13$.